

A : $m \times n$ matrix

$$T_A: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m, \quad T_A(x) := Ax$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kern}(T_A) &:= \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : T_A(x) = 0\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : Ax = 0\} \end{aligned}$$

Linear Trans. vs Matrices

(kernel) $T_A \leftarrow A$ (null space)

(Img) $T \mapsto [T]_{C \leftarrow B}$ (column space)

$$T: V_1 \rightarrow V_2$$

$$\text{Ker}(T) := \{x \in V_1 : T(x) = 0\} \subseteq V_1$$

$$\text{Img}(T) := \{T(x) \in V_2 : x \in V_1\} \subseteq V_2$$

Rank-Nullity Thm:

$$\dim(V_1) = \dim(\text{Ker}(T)) + \dim(\text{Im}(T))$$

If $T = T_A$, $n = (\# \text{ free var}) + (\# \text{ pivots})$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_A: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Im}(T_A) &= \{Ax : x \in \mathbb{R}^2\} \\ &= \{0\} \end{aligned}$$

$T: V_1 \rightarrow V_2$ is a linear transformation if:

(i) $T(x+ty) = T(x) + T(ty)$

(ii) $T(cx) = cT(x)$

Dfn: $S \subseteq V$ is a subspace if S is a v-space.

Subspace if:

(i) $0 \in S$

(ii) $v \in S \Rightarrow cv \in S$

(iii) $v, w \in S \Rightarrow v+w \in S$

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad T_A: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$
$$\text{Im}(T_A) = \{ Ax : x \in \mathbb{R}^2 \}$$
$$= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, x_1 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
$$= \text{span} \left(\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \right)$$

$Ax = b \leftarrow \text{Im}(A)$ set of all x for which there is some solution

$$\text{Im}(T_A) = \{ b \in \mathbb{R}^m : Ax = b \text{ has some } x \in \mathbb{R}^n \}$$

($Ax = b$ is consistent)

$$\text{Im}(T_A) := \{ T_A(x) \in \mathbb{R}^m : x \in \mathbb{R}^n \}$$
$$:= \{ Ax \in \mathbb{R}^m : x \in \mathbb{R}^n \}$$

$$v_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

No, v_4 not in span.

$$v_4 \stackrel{?}{\in} \text{span}(\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}); A := [v_1 \ v_2 \ v_3]$$

$$v_4 \stackrel{?}{\in} \text{Im}(T_A)$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Im given by span of pivot columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 7 & 7 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -8 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ker}(T_A) = \left\{ x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} : x_3 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

kernel = free variable

$$= \text{Span}(\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\})$$