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math.berkeley.edu/~xyx/math54 ← look here for grade dist. and weekly HW.

Midterm 1: 02/12 (Friday) || 02/19 - last day to drop

Office Hours: 3-4:30p M &amp; F @ 999 Evans

§1.1, §1.2: Systems of Linear Eqns.

$$\text{e.g. } \begin{cases} x + y = -1 & [\text{ROW 1}] \\ x - y = -3 & [\text{ROW 2}] \end{cases}$$

$$[\text{ROW 1}] + [\text{ROW 2}] \rightarrow 2x = -2.$$

$$\text{(this gets rid of } y) \quad \underline{x = -1}$$

$$[\text{ROW 1}] - [\text{ROW 2}] \rightarrow 2y = 4$$

$$\text{(this gets rid of } x) \quad \underline{y = 2}$$

General Case: Gaussian Elimination \* every eqn is linear

- Represent equations by matrices.

$$\text{e.g. } \begin{cases} x_1 + 5x_2 - x_4 = b \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0 \\ x_2 - 2x_3 - 8x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

↑ table of numbers

$$\begin{bmatrix} n & n \\ n & n \end{bmatrix}$$

this can be represented w/ a  $3 \times 4$  coefficient matrix.


$$\begin{array}{l} \text{eqn 1} \\ \text{eqn 2} \\ \text{eqn 3} \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

← no  $x_3$  in eqn 1 so coeff. = 0.

Augmented matrix (the constants).

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 5 & 0 & -1 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -8 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

Elementary Row operations:

1. (Replacement) Add a multiple of one row to another
2. (Interchange) Change position of a row 
3. (Scaling) Multiply a row by a nonzero constant.

e.g. solve: 
$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3 + 3x_4 = 0 \\ -2x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 - 5x_4 = 3 \\ 3x_1 - 6x_2 - 6x_3 + 8x_4 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} R1 \\ R2 \\ R3 \end{array} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 5 & -5 & 3 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 & 8 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

mul R1 by 2, add to R2

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 & 8 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

\*the general means is to try eliminate R2 & R3's 1st column.

mul R1 by 3, sub from R3

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -1 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

→ "Recover the system"

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 = 0$$

$$3x_3 + x_4 = 3$$

$$0 = 5 (!!!)$$

No solution (or we inconsistent. made a mistake...)

add R2 to R3

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$