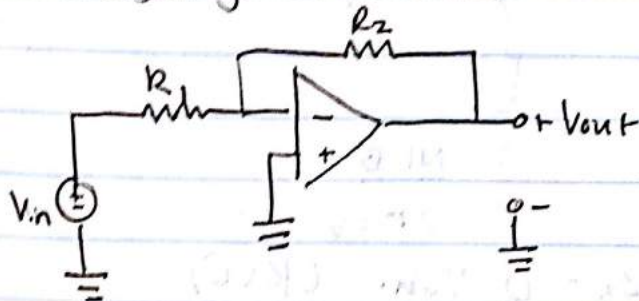
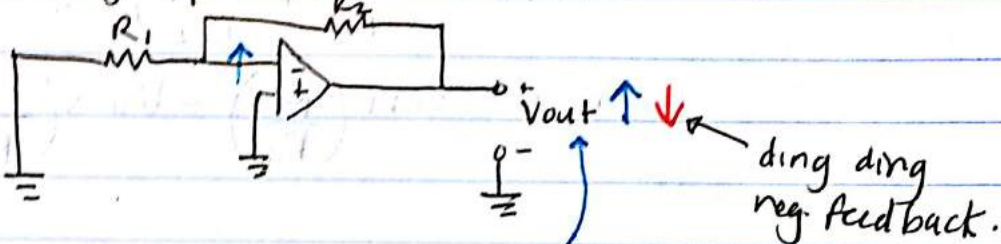


## checking negative feedback

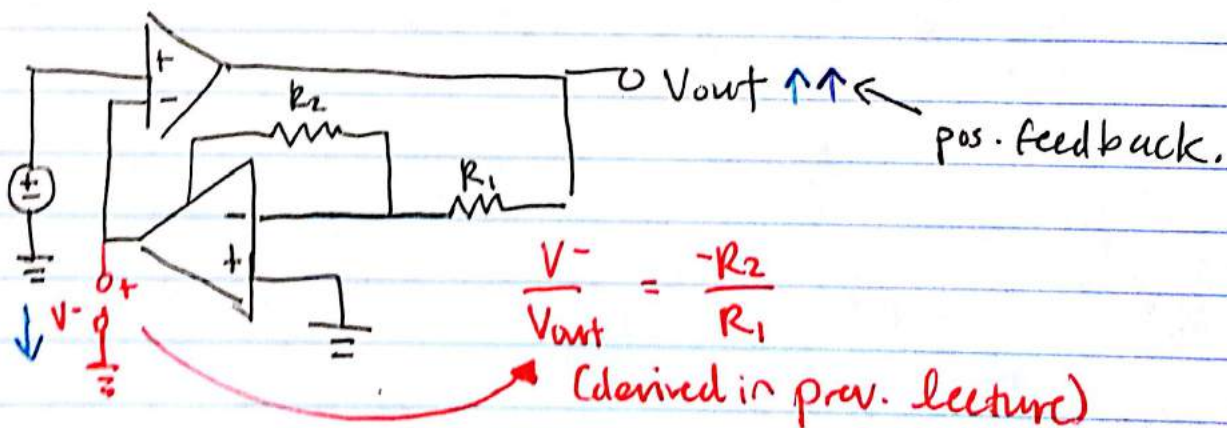


(1) set any input to 0.



(2) "Dink the Vout".

$$\rightarrow V^- = \frac{V_{out} \cdot R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$



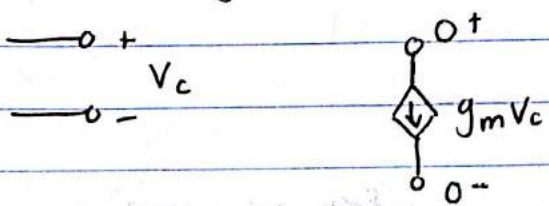
$$\frac{V^-}{V_{out}} = \frac{-R_2}{R_1}$$

(derived in prev. lecture)

## Design Example

Using only resistors and op amps (& V.srcs), implement a current source whose value is proportional to a control voltage.

Step 1 State goal. (VCCS)



◇ dependent current source

⊙ independent current source

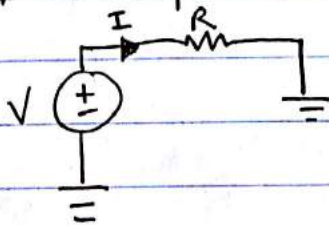
Step 2 Describe a strategy



Ohm's Law:  $V = IR$ ,  $I = V/R$

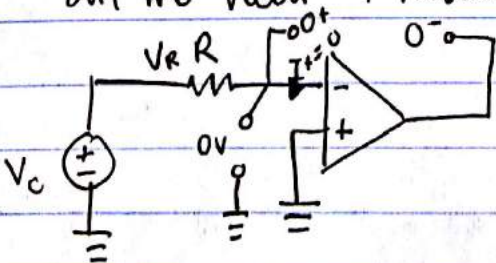


Step 3 Implement the strategy



$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

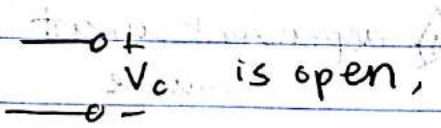
but we need 4 nodes... and we don't want current to flow back into  $V$ .



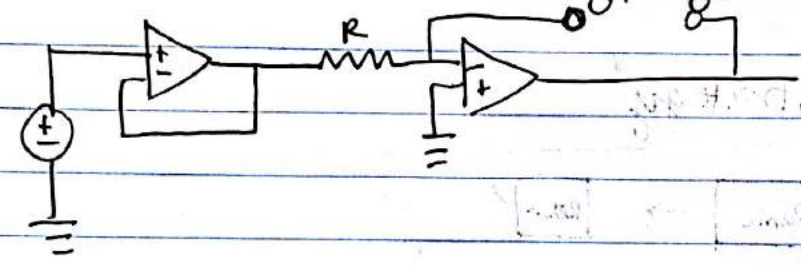
Step 4: Verify

$V_c = I R$   
 $I = \frac{V_c}{R} = \frac{V_c}{R} \iff g_m V_c = I.$

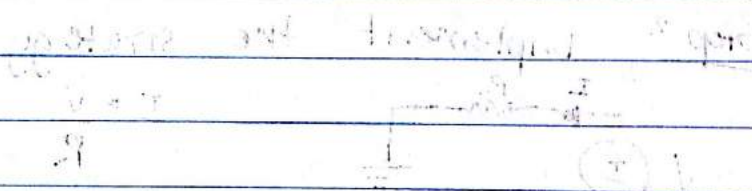
Problem:



So we connect  $V_c$  to a "buffer op amp".



$V_c = I R$



When we need a buffer op amp...

